EEE4001F: Digital Signal Processing

Class Test 2

15 May 2006

Name:

Student number:

Information

• The test is closed-book.

- This test has *four* questions, totalling 20 marks.
- Answer all the questions.
- You have 45 minutes.

1. (5 marks) Consider the z-transform

$$G(z) = \frac{(z^2 + 0.2z + 0.1)(z^2 - z + 0.5)}{(z^2 + 0.3z - 0.18)(z^2 - 2z + 4)}.$$

What are the possible regions of convergence for this transform? Discuss the type of inverse z-transform (left-sided, right-sided, two-sided, stable, unstable, etc.) associated with each of the ROCs. It is not necessary to compute the exact inverse transform.

2. (5 marks) Determine the z-transforms of the following sequences and their respective ROCs:

(a) $x_1[n] = \alpha^n u[n-2]$

(b) $x_2[n] = \alpha^n u[-n-3].$

3. (5 marks) Suppose X[k] is the *N*-point DFT of x[n]. If x[n] is real, what symmetry does this imply on the elements of X[k]? Recall that if *a* is a real number, then $a = a^*$.

4. (5 marks) Determine an expression for the frequency response $H(e^{j\omega})$ of a causal LTI discrete-time system characterised by the input-output relation

$$y[n] = x[n] + \alpha y[n-R], \qquad |\alpha| < 1,$$

where x[n] is the input and y[n] the output to the system. How many peaks and dips of the magnitude response occur in the range $0 \le \omega < \pi$, and what are their locations?