## EEE401F Class Test 30 April 2003

## Name:

## **Student number:**

## Information

- The test is closed-book.
- This test has *six* questions, totalling 30 marks.
- Answer *all* the questions.
- You have 45 minutes.

1. (5 marks) Consider the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{z - 1}{(z - 2)^2}$$

for a *causal* system. Draw a pole-zero diagram for the system, and indicate the region of convergence. Is the system stable? Why?

2. (5 marks) Consider the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{z - 1}{(z - 2)^2}$$

for a *causal* system. Using the power series method, find the first five values of the causal discrete-time impulse response of the system.

3. (6 marks) Consider the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{z-1}{(z-2)^2}$$

for a *causal* system. Using the z-transform pair

$$na^n u[n] \xleftarrow{\mathcal{Z}} \frac{az^{-1}}{(1-az^{-1})^2}, \qquad |z| > |a|$$

and the property

$$x[n-n_0] \stackrel{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} z^{-n_0} X(z),$$

find a closed-form expression for the impulse response h[n].

4. (4 marks) Consider the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{z - 1}{(z - 2)^2}$$

for a *causal* system. Find a difference equation (relating the input x[n] to the output y[n]) for the system.

5. (6 marks) Consider the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{z-1}{(z-2)^2}$$

for a *causal* system. Use graphical arguments to find the magnitude and phase of the frequency response of the system for  $\omega = \pi/2$  and  $\omega = \pi$ .

6. (4 marks) Consider the system function

$$H(z) = \frac{z - 1}{(z - 2)^2}$$

for a *causal* system. Use H(z) directly (algebraically) to find the magnitude and phase of the frequency response of the system for  $\omega = \pi/2$ .