

EEE2047S: Signals and Systems I

Class Test 1

27 August 2018

Name:

Student number:

Information

- The test is closed-book.
 - This test has *four* questions, totaling 20 marks.
 - There is an information sheet attached at the end of this paper.
 - Answer *all* the questions.
 - You have 60 minutes.
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1. (5 marks) Evaluate the following integrals:

(a) $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \cos(5\pi t)\delta(t)dt$

(b) $\int_5^{\infty} \cos(5\pi t)\delta(t)dt$

(c) $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \cos(5\pi(t - \lambda))\delta(t)dt$

(d) $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \cos(5\pi(t - \lambda))\delta(\lambda)d\lambda$

(e) $\int_0^{\infty} \cos(5\pi t)\delta(t - \lambda)d\lambda$

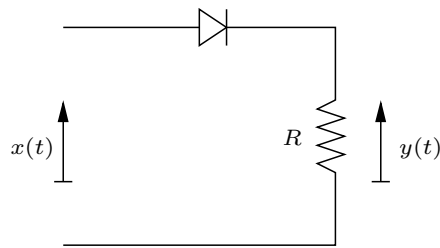
2. (5 marks) Consider a system where the input $x(t)$ and output $y(t)$ are related by the following:

$$y(t) = x(t^2).$$

- (a) Is the system linear? Justify.
- (b) Is the system causal? Justify.
- (c) Find and plot the output for the two cases where $x(t) = u(t)$ and $x(t) = u(t - 1)$.
- (d) Is the system time invariant? Justify.

3. (5 marks) Suppose we define the right-sided ramp signal as $r(t) = tu(t)$, where $u(t)$ is the unit step. Then:
- (a) Sketch $r(t)$.
 - (b) Show that $u(t) * u(t + 1) = r(t + 1)$, where $u(t)$ is the unit step.
 - (c) Use the previous result to find $y(t) = u(t) * p_1(t - 1/2)$, where $p_1(t)$ is a unit pulse centered on the origin with a total width of one.

4. (5 marks) The half-wave rectifier circuit below is driven by a voltage signal $x(t)$, and the output voltage across the resistor is $y(t)$:



Assume an ideal diode with zero forward voltage drop.

- (a) Sketch the output $y(t)$ when the input is $x(t) = \sin(t)$.
- (b) What is the fundamental period of $y(t)$?
- (c) What is the average power of $y(t)$?
- (d) The output can be written in the form

$$y(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_k e^{jkt}.$$

Find the value of c_1 in this representation, expressed in polar form.