

EEE235F Class Test

20 May 2005

Name:

Student number:

Information

- The test is closed-book.
 - This test has *three* questions, totalling 30 marks.
 - Answer *all* the questions.
 - You have 45 minutes.
 - There is an information sheet attached to the end of this question paper.
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1. (10 marks) Use time-domain convolution to find the inverse Fourier transform of

$$X(\omega) = \frac{1}{(a + j\omega)^2}.$$

2. (10 marks) A time signal $x(t)$ has the Fourier transform $4/(4 + \omega^2)$. Find the Fourier transforms of the following signals:

(a) $x_1(t) = x(2t - 3)$

(b) $x_2(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t x(\tau) d\tau$.

3. (10 marks) Find the inverse Fourier transform of the signal

$$G(\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + j\omega} \cos(2\omega)e^{-j5\omega}.$$

INFORMATION SHEET

Fourier transform properties

Property	Transform Pair/Property
Linearity	$ax(t) + bv(t) \leftrightarrow aX(\omega) + bV(\omega)$
Time shift	$x(t - c) \leftrightarrow X(\omega)e^{-j\omega c}$
Time scaling	$x(at) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{a}X(\frac{\omega}{a}) \quad a > 0$
Time reversal	$x(-t) \leftrightarrow X(-\omega) = \overline{X(\omega)}$
Multiplication by power of t	$t^n x(t) \leftrightarrow j^n \frac{d^n}{d\omega^n} X(\omega) \quad n = 1, 2, \dots$
Multiplication by complex exponential	$x(t)e^{j\omega_0 t} \leftrightarrow X(\omega - \omega_0) \quad \omega_0 \text{ real}$
Differentiation in time domain	$\frac{d^n}{dt^n} x(t) \leftrightarrow (j\omega)^n X(\omega) \quad n = 1, 2, \dots$
Integration	$\int_{-\infty}^t x(\lambda) d\lambda \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{j\omega} X(\omega) + \pi X(0)\delta(\omega)$
Convolution in time domain	$x(t) * v(t) \leftrightarrow X(\omega)V(\omega)$
Multiplication in time domain	$x(t)v(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} X(\omega) * V(\omega)$
Parseval's theorem	$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t)v(t) dt \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \overline{X(\omega)}V(\omega) d\omega$
Duality	$X(t) \leftrightarrow 2\pi x(-\omega)$

Common Fourier Transform Pairs

$x(t)$	$X(\omega)$
$1 \quad (-\infty < t < \infty)$	$2\pi\delta(\omega)$
$-0.5 + u(t)$	$\frac{1}{j\omega}$
$u(t)$	$\pi\delta(\omega) + \frac{1}{j\omega}$
$\delta(t)$	1
$\delta(t - c)$	$e^{-j\omega c} \quad (c \text{ any real number})$
$e^{-bt}u(t)$	$\frac{1}{j\omega + b} \quad (b > 0)$
$e^{j\omega_0 t}$	$2\pi\delta(\omega - \omega_0) \quad (\omega_0 \text{ any real number})$
$p_\tau(t)$	$\tau \operatorname{sinc} \frac{\tau\omega}{2\pi}$
$\left(1 - \frac{2 t }{\tau}\right) p_\tau(t)$	$\frac{\tau}{2} \operatorname{sinc}^2 \left(\frac{\tau\omega}{4\pi}\right)$