

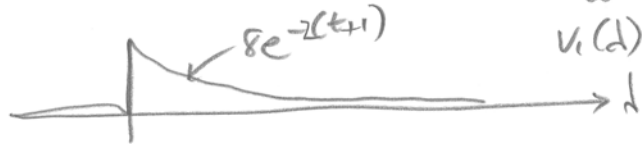
① 1. $2u(t) \longrightarrow 4(1-e^{-t})u(t)$
 $-2u(t-1) \longrightarrow -4(1-e^{-(t-1)})u(t-1)$
 $\underbrace{2u(t) - 2u(t-1)}_{x(t)} \longrightarrow \underbrace{4(1-e^{-t})u(t) - 4(1-e^{-(t-1)})u(t-1)}_{y(t)}$

2. $\underbrace{4 \cos(2(t-2))}_{x(t)} \longrightarrow \underbrace{4\sqrt{2} \cos[(t-2) + \pi/4]}_{y(t)}$

3. $5u(t) \longrightarrow 10(1-e^{-t})u(t)$
 $10 \cos(2t) \longrightarrow 10\sqrt{2} \cos(t + \pi/4)$
 $\underbrace{5u(t) + 10 \cos(2t)}_{x(t)} \longrightarrow \underbrace{10(1-e^{-t})u(t) + 10\sqrt{2} \cos(t + \pi/4)}_{y(t)}$

② $\dot{w}(t) = \dot{x}(t) * v(t) = [25(t+1) - 28(t-3)] * u(t)$
 $= 2v(t+1) - 2v(t-3)$
 $= \underbrace{v_1(t)}_{v_1(t)} + \underbrace{v_2(t)}_{v_2(t)}$

so $w(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t \dot{w}(d) dd = \int_{-\infty}^t v_1(d) dd + \int_{-\infty}^t v_2(d) dd.$



$$\int_{-\infty}^t v_1(d) dd = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } t < 0 \\ \int_0^t 8e^{-2(d+1)} dd & \text{for } t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } t < 0 \\ 4e^{-2}(1-e^{-2t}) & \text{for } t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$= 4e^{-2}(1-e^{-2t})u(t)$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^t v_2(d) dd = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } t < 4 \\ \int_4^t -8e^{-2(d-3)} dd & \text{for } t \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } t < 4 \\ 4e^6(e^{-2t} - e^{-8}) & \text{for } t \geq 4 \end{cases}$$

$$= 4e^6(e^{-2t} - e^{-8})u(t-4)$$

so $w(t) = 4e^{-2}(1-e^{-2t})u(t) + 4e^6(e^{-2t} - e^{-8})u(t-4)$